

ROOSEVELT DECLARES ARCHBOLD FALSIFIER

Continued from first page.

Does Not Tell the Truth.

"Inasmuch as Mr. Archbold does not tell the truth in his interview with me, I have no doubt that he does not tell the truth about the man who is dead, and who living he never dared to accuse as he now accuses him."

"Mr. Bliss never spoke to me about asking or receiving a contribution from any one, and he never before or after the election said anything to me about my conduct toward corporations, except to say that he knew I would act fairly and justly toward all, and I told him that I should never dream of acting any other way. Neither Mr. Bliss nor any one else ever suggested or hinted at in any shape or way, the idea that I should take, or refrain from taking any action in connection with any corporation because of any contribution whatsoever."

"Specifically, he never said one word to me about any contribution from the Standard Oil Corporation, and never said one word to me about proceeding or not proceeding against the Standard Oil Corporation. I saw Mr. Archbold again and again while the Department of Justice was contemplating proceedings against him (always at Mr. Archbold's request, of course), listened to all he had to say, and heard him repeat the same statements over and over again, when I was entirely convinced that they were false, and directed the Attorney General to proceed only when it had become evident that Mr. Archbold had nothing to tell me which would give any warrant for directing the Attorney General not to act."

"During all that time neither Mr. Archbold nor any one else ever hinted to me that the Standard Oil people had contributed or that there was any expectation by any human being that I should show favor to the Standard Oil."

Knew What to Expect.

"Moreover, let it be remembered that long before the campaign of 1904 I had had a sharp run-in with the Standard Oil and had shown them just what they could expect from me. This was when we were passing the Bureau of Corporations act. I found out that the Standard Oil people were opposing the passage of the act; that two of their representatives had come down to Washington to oppose it, and that they had sent telegrams to various Senators and Representatives against it. I got hold of these telegrams, published some of them, and forced the bill through."

"Mr. Archbold shows his animus in his rather ludicrous complaint that the Standard Oil people never saw anything like the persecution of the Standard Oil Corporation by the Roosevelt administration, and he proceeds, unwittingly, to say Messrs. Garfield and Smith the highest praise by his bitterness to them in their action."

"I do not wonder that he feels bitterly. The action in question disclosed all kinds of improper practices on the part of the Standard Oil Company, and a colossal series of rebates. A stop was put to these rebates because of the action of the people in my administration, and through the action a fine was imposed by Judge Landis on the Standard Oil Company which, if it had not been reversed by the Appellate Division, would really have made that corporation smart, and even as it was it forced them to act properly."

"It seems to me that the course of Mr. Penrose in this matter and the bringing in of Mr. Archbold to testify before close analogies to what, in the New York police situation at this time, would be called a 'frame-up,' and this is shown by the questions which Mr. Archbold is asked and those he is not asked. He is allowed to testify about a dead man's statement and to make a cruelly unjust assault upon the character of that dead man, who I believe to have been one of the most honorable and high-minded of gentlemen, but he has not testified to anything about Mr. Penrose. In that case he would not be testifying about hearsay gossip. He would be testifying about what he had done and said and about what Mr. Penrose had done and said."

THINKS IT AIDS COLONEL

a member of the Industrial Commission, received the check of \$25,000 from Mr. Archbold and that he was serving on that commission in a peculiarly confidential relation to Mr. Archbold, among the instances of his position as Mr. Archbold's representative on the committee being that he communicated in advance to Mr. Archbold the report which the Industrial Commission was about to make and secured his approval in advance of its publication."

"Mr. Penrose and Mr. Archbold should both be examined upon this transaction and see if there can be any possible way in which they can explain it, or in which Mr. Penrose can justify himself. The transaction itself and the whole alliance between Mr. Penrose and Mr. Archbold, and Mr. Penrose's actions in connection therewith, are a startling example of the workings of that invisible empire to whose reign we intend to put an end."

"These documents show that Mr. Penrose, nominally the representative of the people, was secretly and in the dark, acting as the representative of Mr. Archbold. Mr. Archbold's testimony shows that he sought to get, and hoped to get, from me and my administration some improper consideration, and he comes now to the defence of his friend and ally, Mr. Penrose—par nobis fratrium—and assails me because he could not influence me; because under my administration justice was meted out to him and his kind, as it should have been meted out."

"His complaint against me is that neither through political pressure nor the use of money in politics could he exercise any influence over me, and his complaint is just."

"I feel that the country has a right to expect the committee to refuse to permit Mr. Archbold to go away until he has testified to every fact within his knowledge. He should thus testify, and he should thus testify now. He and Mr. Penrose both should be rigorously cross-examined as to the transactions between them, so as to see what explanation they can possibly give as to the correspondence between them when Mr. Penrose was a member of the industrial commission, and both should be rigorously examined as to all their relations together in previous years."

"Meanwhile I wish to thank them both for having made it clear beyond possibility of doubt that I am the man whom the Penroses and Archbolds of the country most dread in public life."

OLD STORY, SAYS PARKER

Oil Trust Gift Was Discussed by Him Four Years Ago.

(By Telegraph to The Tribune.) Indianapolis, Aug. 23.—Ex-Judge Alton R. Parker, stopping here last night, discussed the Penrose speech in the Senate and said:

"The story that Standard Oil contributed in the campaign of 1904 through Archbold, charged in the speech of Senator Penrose, is not new. It has been told before by others, indeed, I repeated the story of the \$25,000 contribution to Treasurer Bliss in a political speech in Baltimore four years ago, and it was reported in 'The Sun' of that city, and I think, in 'The American'."

"Nor is Colonel Roosevelt's self-serving declaration to Cortelyou new. In that same speech I said, in effect, that it was reported that President Roosevelt wrote to Chairman Cortelyou to return the money to the Standard people, and cautioned me to remember should such a letter be produced by or through him."

"Speaking of the same incident, Eugene V. Debs, Socialist candidate for President, said to-day:

"While this investigation of the corruption funds raised by the trusts and corporations for the benefit of Roosevelt and the Republican party is in progress, let us also have the facts about Roosevelt owing the Pennsylvania Railroad Company \$100,000 and many other railroad companies smaller sums—debts contracted while President and making continental tours in style such as kings might have enjoyed."

"The average citizen, of whom Mr. Roosevelt has so much to say, pays his railroad fare when he travels and his own expenses when on a pleasure trip."

"The more they tell against Colonel Roosevelt the better it will be for him and the Progressive party. I would gladly give Senator Penrose \$500 a night if he would talk to our Progressive audiences throughout the state. If it were possible to secure Mr. Archbold I would give him \$1,000 a night."

TOO MUCH FOR PROGRESSIVES.
Chicago, Aug. 23.—Senator Gore made a statement this afternoon in which he declared the disclosures being made at Washington regarding campaign contributions would result in the formation of a "Progressive Republican Woodrow Wilson organization."

ARRESTS MADE AT SEA

Alleged "White Slavers" Taken from the Manchuria.

San Francisco, Aug. 23.—After the outboard liner Manchuria had reached a point three miles from shore to-day United States Marshal Elliott and two deputies arrested Bernice Ward, Jane Kelly and Jennie Heath, passengers for Yokohama, wanted in Seattle on charges of violating the federal "white slave" laws.

The arrests are believed to be the first of their kind. A federal statute provides that the marshal is without authority over travellers on land passing through a city, but may arrest them at sea while "passing through a port."

Marshal Elliott and his deputies boarded the Manchuria at her dock. A government tug followed them, and when the arrests had been made the prisoners were swung over the ship's side, and the Manchuria steamed on for the Orient.

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Mailed anywhere in the United States for \$2.50 a year.

VANDERBILT DANCE AN ORIENTAL AFFAIR

Newport Entertainment Includes Musical Comedy in a Special Theatre Erected on Lawn—Guests in Fancy Costumes.

(By Telegraph to The Tribune.)

Newport, Aug. 23.—For a princely entertainment, such a one as was never given before under private auspices, Mr. and Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt invited all their friends in the cottage colony to Beaulieu, their summer residence on Bellevue avenue and the Chiffs, this evening. All their friends went, arrayed in the brilliant clothes of the Orient, and assembled in an improvised theatre on the lawn in the glow of calcium lights of changing hues they read an entrancing picture.

A feature of the evening was a performance of "The Merry Countess,"

everywhere. Colored electric lights were used in profusion in the ballroom and in the dressing rooms, and also upon the grounds. Divans, Turkish and Indian chairs, rugs and bric-a-brac were about the sides of the ballroom, which was 100 feet long and 60 feet in width, with the stage at the extreme end. Flowers had also been used in great abundance about the various rooms and in the villa proper.

Dancing of the Quadrilles.

Following the presentation of "The Merry Countess" the stage was cleared for the quadrilles, for which those who were to take part had been rehearsing

MRS. CORNELIUS VANDERBILT, JR.

Who entertained the Newport colony at a brilliant ball last night.



MRS. RICHARD T. WILSON.
Who danced in one of the quadrilles at the Vanderbilt ball.

formance of "The Merry Countess," which Mr. and Mrs. Vanderbilt had the Shuberts bring from Broadway especially for the evening. The company performed, and then there were special quadrilles, danced in which, besides the leaders of the cottage colony, some of the most prominent diplomats in the country took part. Mrs. Vanderbilt leading a Russian quadrille with a member of the Russian Embassy. There followed general dancing and a cotillon, the favors for which had been brought from the Far East by Mrs. Vanderbilt. These cost a small fortune, and just what sized check it will take to balance all the bills of the affair can hardly be imagined. The weather was perfect.

Decorations Were Everywhere.
The decoration effect began at the main entrance of Beaulieu. The long avenue leading from the gateway to the villa was parked with trees and tubs of blue hydrangeas. Small electric lights illuminated the way, these lights being set in the trees, giving an artificial star effect, and masses of blue lights decorated the hydrangeas.

In front of the entrance to the grand court there was a series of twelve Oriental arches 25 feet in height and 30 feet in width. These were all decorated in Oriental effects, and lights by thousands were festooned about.

There were vines trailing over these arches, and the effect was that of a permanent arched gateway. These arches were carried directly to the main entrance of the villa, and on either side of the entrance had been constructed two dressing rooms, all in Oriental design and decoration.

Through the front hall to the entrance of the theatre there were large cocoanut palms, brought from the South for this occasion. The rooms on either side of the hall were decorated with vases of Oriental flowers and the theatre was decorated with large tubs of Egyptian lotus and orange trees, bamboos and cocoanut palms.

On the veranda, where the supper was served, there were forty odd-shaped tables, all decorated in Oriental fashion. There were centrepieces of red, yellow, blue and orange flowers, and baskets of the same character hung from the ceiling.

Most of the guests, and they included practically all of the summer colonists, were attired in fancy costumes, the idea of Mr. and Mrs. Vanderbilt being to make it an Oriental affair. Some years ago Mr. and Mrs. Vanderbilt gained prominence as social entertainers when they brought to Newport for one performance the "Wild Rose" company, and the bringing of "The Merry Countess" to-night was in reality a repetition of their previous success.

Theatre Erected on the Lawn.

For the presentation of this musical comedy it was necessary for Mr. and Mrs. Vanderbilt to have erected a large theatre on the lawn at Beaulieu, and this was used for the performance. No detail had been omitted for the proper presentation of the operatic performance. A small army of mechanics had been at work upon the combination theatre and ballroom for a week; they even worked all of last night and all of to-day well up into the evening before it was completed.

Before the Vanderbilt entertainment there were a number of large dinner parties, chief among the entertainers being Mrs. Ogden Goetz, Mrs. H. McK. Twombly, Mrs. Emile Bruguere, Mrs. R. Livingston Beekman, Mrs. R. T. Wilson and a number of others, Mr. and Mrs. Vanderbilt being guests at Mrs. Goetz's.

When the guests arrived at Beaulieu they found that the interior of the combination ballroom and theatre had been made to represent a room in some Far Eastern castle. Turkish effects were used

F. Andrews, Helena L. Fish and Eugenie M. Lodenburg represented summer, and all were attired in gowns of rose pink chiffon over white satin with wreaths and garlands of pink roses.

The Misses Harriet Perry, Dorothy Biegelow, Louise Iselin and Sadie Jones were the representatives of the autumn season. They were attired in the colors of autumn leaves, bright red and deep purple, with a bit of tiger skin over the left shoulder. They wore wreaths of grape leaves and fruit and carried garlands of the same kind.

"Winter" came next, and in this were Mrs. Robert L. Gerry, Miss Dorothy Carroll, Muriel Winthrop and Elizabeth Sands. All wore costumes of white and silver, chiffon trimmed with elderdown and finished with red tape. Wreaths and garlands of holly completed the costumes.

Some of the Brilliant Costumes.

This quadrille completed the feature part of the evening's programme. Supper was announced, and after this had been served there was general dancing. This part of the entertainment was almost as brilliant as that which had preceded it. Some of the most striking costumes worn were as follows:

Mrs. William K. Vanderbilt, Jr., wore a waist of black chiffon with gold bloopers, her hair arranged with gold ornaments and black aigrettes.

Oliver Harriman wore a costume to match that of his wife, and Mrs. Frances Roche appeared in a Grecian costume, with slippers of gold, gold butterfly, buckles and gold hosiery. Mrs. Oliver Harriman represented Kismet, and Mrs. Arthur Curtis James was attired in a gown of embroidered silver and purple chiffon in Oriental design, with a headpiece of diamonds and pearls.

Mrs. R. Livingston Beekman wore a Persian costume of black satin which was decorated with pearls while Mr. Beekman wore a Persian costume of blue, red and gold and a large red and gold turban.

Mrs. John Nicholas Brown wore an Oriental costume of purple and mustard coloring, and in her hair were diamonds and aigrettes. Mrs. Joseph Harriman wore a Turkish costume of silver cloth, with a coat of silver and brown and cerise chiffon. She wore slippers of cherry satin, with silver butterfly bows.

Mrs. Stuyvesant Fish wore a Persian costume of orange satin, embroidered in rich gold, and with a brilliant jewel effect for her hair.

Both Mr. and Mrs. Vanderbilt were in Oriental costumes, and some of the others present in costume were Mrs. Baruch Wallach, Mrs. Newbold Morris, Mrs. Newton Adams, Mrs. Sidney Jones Colford, Mrs. J. Fred Pearson, Mrs. Royal Phelps Carroll, Mrs. Reginald Norman, Mrs. Cecil Higgins, Mrs. Elbridge T. Gerry, Mrs. Frederick M. Davies, Mrs. Lewis Quentin Jones, Miss Laura Swan, Mr. and Mrs. Pembroke Jones, Mr. and Mrs. Oliver Perrin, Joseph Harriman, Miss Maude K. Wetmore, Andrew Robinson, J. A. Rawlins, Mrs. William B. Leeds, Mrs. Eugene S. Reynold, Mr. and Mrs. Preston Gibson, Mr. and Mrs. Forsyth Wilkes, Miss Ruth Twombly, Mr. and Mrs. William Earl Dodge, Mrs. J. Gordon Douglas, Mrs. Herman Ogden, Mrs. Stanley McCord, Mrs. W. Walter Goodwin, Mrs. T. Sufferer Teller, Mrs. Henry A. C. Taylor, Miss Rose Grosvenor, John Sanford and Mrs. Elsie French Vanderbilt.

A cotillon, the first danced here in two years, opened the general dancing. It was led by Miss Hyde and Mrs. Vanderbilt and by Craig Woodworth and Mrs. Nicholas Longworth, who wore Turkish costumes. The favors were distributed from a large Oriental garden door drawn into the ballroom.

CAUGHT BY FLYING TACKLE

Football Player Captures Alleged Thief When Police Fail.

(By Telegraph to The Tribune.) Philadelphia, Aug. 23.—Israel Souder, a lawyer, with office in the Land Title Building, thrilled a crowd of shoppers in front of one of the department stores here this afternoon by capturing an alleged shoplifter with a football tackle after he had held twelve policemen off with a razor.

The fugitive, who was chased from the department store by detectives, said his name was John Jones, of Boston. When confronted by the police, he backed against a building and drew the razor. Souder pushed through the crowd and made a flying tackle before the man could get his weapon into action. Souder formerly played on the University of Pennsylvania football team.

VANQUISHED HUSBAND FINED

Although Beaten in Fight with Wife, Court Upholds Woman.

Chicago, Aug. 23.—Emil Brand, a teamster, who is six feet and two inches tall, entered Judge Hopkins' court with one discolored eye, a bleeding ear and two teeth missing.

A few minutes later Mrs. Brand, who weighs ninety-five pounds, appeared to prosecute her husband on a charge of beating her.

"She says I beat her, Judge," said Brand. "Do you think it looks like it?" "On the face of the evidence," the court said, "I would say it doesn't." "Well, I'll defend myself," spoke up Mr. Brand.

Testimony showed Brand had started the trouble, and he was fined.

BOOKS AND PUBLICATIONS.

F. Hopkinson Smith

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Any reader of "Peter,"

"Kennedy Square," or "The Fortunes of Oliver Horn" will recognize this

as a most characteristic Hopkinson Smith novel.

Never was the author's power of depicting big human

characters so strongly evinced. Never was the breadth of his

sympathy for the honorable, brave, and large-minded so compellingly

expressed. Its principal scene is a picturesque old Normandy Inn; a most

interesting love-story dominates the narrative several of whose episodes are so

vivid and distinct that while the reader is eager to know the end his atten-

tion is so fixed by each of these in turn as to prevent his hurrying to it.

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MRS. CLARENCE MACKAY HURT

Thrown Out of Automobile, Which Overturned on Mountain Road—Picked Up Unconscious by Passers-by, but Not Seriously Injured.

(By Telegraph to The Tribune.)

Pittsfield, Mass., Aug. 23.—While driving her high powered runabout on Mount Pleasant road this morning, Mrs. Clarence H. Mackay, of New York, was thrown upon a pile of rocks, and was later picked up unconscious by a party of passing automobilists.

Since arriving in Stockbridge in July, where she has leased Glenburnie, the country place of Dr. Henry C. Haven, Mrs. Mackay has found pleasure in motoring about the hills. For this she brought to Stockbridge a special car designed for mountain climbing. It was in this car that she was descending the mountain this morning, and part way down, where the roadway is soft, the car skidded off the road, struck a pile of rocks and was overturned. The force of the collision sent Mrs. Mackay and her chauffeur, Samuel Gorta, from the car. The chauffeur fell before Mrs. Mackay and broke the force of her fall.

A party of tourists, Mr. and Mrs. Rufus J. Foster, of Scranton, Penn., and Mr. and Mrs. Philip Goodwill, of Bramwell, W. Va., were motoring on the highway and found Mrs. Mackay and her chauffeur in a dazed condition. Mrs. Mackay was assisted into Mr. Foster's automobile and taken to Glenburnie. There Dr. Paddock examined her injuries, and later in the day she started for Pittsfield by automobile to keep an appointment, but returned to Glenburnie because of the stiffness and soreness caused by bruises received in her fall.

Mrs. Mackay's injuries are principally bruises on the legs and the body. She will suffer no serious consequences from the accident. Mrs. Mackay will leave on September 24 for Europe to meet Mr. Mackay in Paris.

VIGILANTES MAKE GOOD

Keep Two Burglars Within Corridor Till Sleuths Arrive.

The Flatbush vigilantes were decidedly instrumental last night in the capture of two burglars who had entered the house of Nelson P. Lewis, chief engineer of the Public Service Commission, who lives at No. 1511 Albemarle Road.

The Lewis family is in the Adirondacks, and when the night watchman of the neighborhood saw a light in the house he knew that something was wrong, so he fired his pistol. That is the signal for the vigilantes, and in a jiffy they were literally swarming from the houses of the neighborhood. Some came in pajamas and some in dressing gowns, while others had on little more than a determined look. Some had guns, some clubs, and it might have been that one or two carried pistols. In violation of the Sullivan law.

The Lewis house was surrounded by the time the regular policemen arrived, but it fell to the lot of two detectives from the Parkway station to enter the premises unaided, as brave policemen should do. They searched all over the front part of the house, and finally found two intruders behind a baby grand piano.

"Don't shoot, mister! We'll come out," they said. They were marched to the station house, where they described themselves as Harry Miller, eighteen years old, of No. 218 East 9th street, Manhattan, and Louis Koplin, nineteen years old, of No. 168 St. John's Place, Brooklyn. They said they were new hands at the business.

MRS. EDMUNDS EXAMINED

Mind Seems Uncclouded—Fach Apparently Out of Danger.

Mrs. Elizabeth M. Edmunds, who shot Albert C. Fach, the District Attorney of Richmond, was examined as to her sanity yesterday afternoon by Dr. William T. Pritchard, of Manhattan. Dr. Pritchard remained with Mrs. Edmunds for more than an hour, but he refused to make public his findings. He said she talked freely with him and answered his questions clearly. He added that he would submit an official report to the Acting District Attorney to-day.

At the Richmond County jail it was announced that Mrs. Edmunds would be arraigned before Magistrate Marsh on a charge of assault Monday morning. Mrs. Edmunds declared she had not yet selected any one to represent her, but that she had one or two lawyers in mind, and would probably choose one before she is arraigned.

District Attorney Fach's condition was such last night that his wife was home for the first time since he was taken to the S. R. Smith Infirmary. Drs. Waizer and Mond, who have been attending him, said that Mr. Fach had shown constant improvement, and they believed it was only a matter of a few weeks now before he would be able to leave the hospital.

BOOKS AND PUBLICATIONS.

Atlantic City, Aug. 23.—"George J. Gould"

must appear in court by to-morrow night, or a constable will be sent to Lakewood, with a warrant, by golly!" said Squire Weeks, of Pleasantville, to-day.

Weeks wrote Mr. Gould a letter charging him with violating the speed regulations on August 11, and ordering him to appear for a hearing. Up to this time Mr. Gould has not appeared.

"The speedometer on Gould's big French car was simply making faces at all our sign warnings when it tore through here," said Weeks. "If any man, whether he be millionaire or not, thinks that he can race through here at express speed, endangering the lives of children who are playing in the streets, he is mistaken. Neither can he ignore this court, if there is any law to prevent it."



MRS. CLARENCE H. MACKAY.
Who was thrown from her automobile, while descending a steep hill near Pittsfield, Mass.

DEAF MUTE A PRISONER

Max Katz and Selig Katz Got in Each Other's Way.

The next time Max Katz wishes information he will not stop and interrogate persons to whom he is a stranger. That is, he will not do so if he heeds the advice handed down from the bench of the Essex Market court yesterday by Magistrate Kernochan. If Max Katz had not been so insistent in asking Selig Katz to step out of his way in the Bowery he would not have been a prisoner yesterday in the courtroom.

Max Katz was born deaf and dumb. Yesterday when he was in a hurry to cross Canal street Selig Katz, a pushcart pedler, of No. 57 Sheriff street, was busy selling potatoes. Max began to gesticulate wildly, intending to make Selig understand that he wished to pass by his cart. The pedler thought Max wanted to buy potatoes, but as Max began to approach closer and closer, all the time waving his arms frantically, Selig became possessed of the idea that the man was about to rob him. Their argument finally got so warm that a patrolman butted in and took both men to the station house. When arraigned in court Selig told his side of the story. Then Max stood up and tried to explain to the magistrate. After five minutes of desperate arm waving it was discovered that Max was deaf and dumb. He was thereupon discharged by Magistrate Kernochan.

GEORGE J. GOULD "IN BAD"

He Ignores Squire Weeks After Alleged Speeding.

(By Telegraph to The Tribune.) Atlantic City, Aug. 23.—"George J. Gould" must appear in court by to-morrow night, or a constable will be sent to Lakewood, with a warrant, by golly!" said Squire Weeks, of Pleasantville, to-day.

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